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protection, new legislation was needed, which, by 1908, was obtained in forty-nine states and territories.

The author has presented much fresh material which is well arranged under striking chapter titles. The style is satisfying. While certain facts as to the use of the label in many different trades are given, still an intensive study of actual conditions was made in comparatively few cases. But since a similar statement might be made concerning such a monumental study as that of the Webbs, it is evident that within the limits set for the present monograph, very much additional was not possible. The trades studied intensively were the most important ones from the standpoint of the label, and other materials were not available. However, the reviewer is of the opinion that the conditions within the different trades are so varied, that until complete studies of each are made, generalizations with regard to any phase of trade unionism are subject to qualifications.

The author has given us an excellent study of the label as a device of American trade unionism.

JAMES M. MOTLEY.

NEW BOOKS

BERNSTEIN, E., *Die Arbeiterbewegung*. (Frankfort a M.; Literarische Anstalt Rütten und Loening. 1910. Pp. 203. 3 m.)

DELPERIER, L. *La protection de la santé des travailleurs du commerce*. (Paris: Rousseau. 1910. Pp. 230. 4 fr.)

To be reviewed.

FAGNOT, F., and others. *Les problèmes du chômage*. (Paris: Alcan. 1910. 2.50 fr.)

GODART, J. *La travail de nuit dans les boulangeries*. (Paris: Alcan. 1910. 3.50 fr.)

JASTROW, J. *Das Problem der Arbeitslosen-versicherung und die Grundsätze des wirtschaftlichen Liberalismus*. (Berlin: Simion. 1910. Pp. 27. 1 m.)

LANGE, F. A. *Die Arbeiterfrage*. (Berlin: Buchhandlung Vorwärts. 1910. Pp. 176. 1.50 m.)

MAHEIM, E. *Les abonnements d'ouvrier sur les lignes de chemins de fer belges et leurs effets sociaux*. Institut Solvay. (Brussels: Misch et Thron. Pp. 230. 20 fr.)

MALKEIL, T. S. *The diary of a shirtwaist striker: A story of the shirtwaist makers' strike in New York*. (New York: Coöperative Press. 1910. Pp. 96. 50c.)

OSBORNE, WALTER V. *My case: The cause and effect of the Osborne judgment*. (London: Nash. 1910. 1s.)

Contains the opinions of the judges given at the several stages of the action.

SAUNDERS, A. T., Compiler. *Compensation for industrial accidents. The proceedings of a conference of commissions at Chicago, November 10-12, 1910.* (Clinton, Mass.: Amos T. Saunders. 1910. Pp. 362. \$1.00.)

This volume consists in the main of a full stenographic report of the proceedings of the seven sessions of this conference. This matter, occupying the first 302 pages of the report, is followed by: Appendix A, a report of the decision of the Supreme Court of Erie County, N. Y. in *Earl Ives v. The South Buffalo Railway Co.*, the first case brought under the new compensation law of that state; Appendix B, an opinion by Professor Samuel Williston, LL.D., of the Harvard Law School, on the "Constitutionality of Workmen's Compensation Acts"; Appendix C, a letter by August Belmont, setting forth the plans and purposes of the National Civic Federation in regard to compensation for industrial accidents; and Appendix D, which contains the drafts of two codes, one compulsory and the other elective, with extensive notes, prepared by a committee appointed by the conference to embody its conclusions in proper form for legislative action.

SCHLESINGER, A. *The labor amendment our next job.* Published under the auspices of the American Anti-Wage Slavery Society. (New York: Medical Book Co. 1910. Pp. xvi, 222. \$1.50.)

SLOSSE, A. and WAXWEILER, E. *Enquête sur le régime alimentaire de 1,065 ouvriers belges.* Institut Solvay. (Brussels: Misch et Thron. Pp. 260. 15 fr.)

Money, Prices, Credit, and Banking

Money and Banking. A Discussion of the Principles of Money and Credit, with Descriptions of the World's Leading Banking Systems. By EARL DEAN HOWARD, in collaboration with JOSEPH FRENCH JOHNSON. (New York: Alexander Hamilton Institute, Modern Business. Vol. V. 1910. Pp. xxiii, 495.)

Professor Howard's book holds so closely to the conventional scheme of topics for one-volume treatises on money and banking that detailed statement of its scope is unnecessary. Perhaps the most important innovations are the discussions of dealings in commercial paper (pp. 341-6), and of the relations between the banks and Wall Street (pp. 381-9). The last chapter is a summary of the principles which "should be observed in making any change in our currency and banking system." Professor Howard condemns government paper money, bond-secured bank notes, and the independent sub-treasury system, while he advocates branch banking, guarantee of deposits, centralization of re-